

**KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS**  
**ACADEMIC YEAR 2020-21**  
**HOME ASSIGNMENT**



**CLASS : III**  
**DATE:17.11.20 to 2.12.2020**

SUBJECT	ASSIGNMENT
<b>MATHS</b>	<p><u>Work to be done in the textbook</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Chapter 11 – Money</li></ul> <p>Exercise 11.1, 11.2 Q4, 11.3 Q1, 11.4 Q1, Test Zone and Mental Maths</p> <p><u>Work to be done in Maths notebook</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Chapter 11 – Money</li></ul> <p>Exercise 11.2 Q1 to 3, Q5, 11.3 Q2&amp;3, 11.4 Q2&amp;3 11.5 and 11.6</p> <p><u>Extra questions to be done in Maths notebook</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Write in figures Rupees eighty five and fifty paise</li><li>2. Write in words Rs 45.50</li><li>3. Anuj purchased a mask for Rs 12.30. He gave the shopkeeper a Rs 20 note. How much money will he get back?</li><li>4. The cost of 1 litre petrol is Rs 68.45. What is the cost of 8 litres of petrol?</li><li>5. Four friends went for a party and the total bill in the restaurant came out to be Rs 540.00. Find the contribution of each friend if they shared bill equally.</li></ol> <p><u>Activities to be done in the Maths notebook</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Concept map (page 150) to be drawn in the notebook</li> <li>• Paste the fake notes and coins in the Maths notebook.</li></ul>
<b>SCIENCE</b>	<p><b><u>STD III- SCIENCE</u></b> <b><u>CH-7 PARTS OF A PLANT</u></b> <b><u>*READ THE CHAPTER AND UNDERLINE THE DIFFICULT WORDS AND WRITE THEM IN THE NOTEBOOK.</u></b></p> <p><b><u>A.Fill in the blanks.</u></b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1.The part of the plant that grows below the ground is called <b><u>root</u></b>.</li><li>2.A <b><u>fibrous</u></b> root appears bushy and has no main root</li><li>3.The <b><u>stem</u></b> carries water and food to all parts of a plant.</li><li>4.<b><u>Chlorophyll</u></b> helps leaves to absorb light.</li><li>5.Most flowers change into <b><u>fruits</u></b>.</li></ol> <p><b><u>B.Choose the correct options:</u></b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1.Roots of which of these plants are eaten by us? a. Spinach and mint    b.<b><u>Radish and carrot</u></b> c. Potato and ginger    d. Onion and mint</li><li>2. Which of these parts of a plant grow on stem? a.Leaves    b.buds and flower    c.fruits    d.<b><u>all of these</u></b></li></ol>

3. Which substance gives leaves a green colour?  
 a. Veins    b. lamina    c. stomata    d. **chlorophyll**
4. Which of these roots does grass have?  
 a. Taproot    b. **fibrous root**    c. beetroot    d. long root
5. Which part of the plant becomes a fruit?  
 a. Leaf    b. bud    c. **flower**    d. seed
6. Which of the following is the gas given out by leaves?  
 a. Nitrogen    b. **oxygen**    c. carbon    d. air
7. Which of these are edible seeds?  
 a. Wheat and rice    b. corn and bean  
 c. Cumin and black pepper    d. **all of these**
8. Which of the following is a flower that we eat?  
 a. Banana    b. broccoli    c. ginger    d. **cabbage**

**C. Give one word for the following:**

1. The part of the plant that is above the ground- **Shoot**
2. A root system in which there is a main root and many small roots growing from it-  
**Tap root**
3. Thick and strong stem of a tree- **Trunk**
4. The flat surface of a leaf- **Leaf blade**
5. The process by which a seed grows into a new plant-  
**Germination.**

**D. Give two examples for the following:**

1. Plants with taproots-    **bean, mustard**
2. Plants with fibrous roots-    **grass, wheat**
3. Stems that we eat-    **potato, sugarcane**
4. Flowers that we eat-    **cauliflower, broccoli**
5. Edible seeds-    **rice, corn**

**E. Answer the following question:**

1. What is a taproot?  
 Ans. Taproot consists of a main thick root from which small roots grow.
2. Give any two functions of roots.  
 Ans. The two functions of roots are:  
 a.) It helps the plant stay fixed to the soil  
 b.) It takes in water and minerals from the soil, which are used by the plant for making food.
3. Give any three functions of stem.  
 Ans. The three functions of stem are:  
 a.) It keeps the plant upright and straight.  
 b.) Leaves, buds, flowers, and fruits grow on the stem.  
 c.) The stem carries water, nutrients, and food to different parts of the plant.
4. What are edible seeds? Name two seeds used as spices.  
 Ans. Seeds that can be eaten by us are called edible seeds.  
 Two seeds used as spices are mustard and cumin.
5. What is germination? What do seeds need for germination?  
 Ans. The process by which a seed grows into a new plant is called germination.  
 Seeds need air, water and warmth for germination.

**ACTIVITY**

1.GERMINATE GRAM SEEDS.

2.COLLECT 3 SPICE SEEDS, 3 FRUIT SEEDS AND 3 CEREAL SEEDS.

**HINDI**

विषय – हिंदी साहित्य

पाठ 13कोयल (कविता)

पाठ की कविता को ध्यानपूर्वक सस्वर वाचन करते हुए दो-दो बार पढ़ें।

पाठ में दिए गए चित्र को प्रथम पृष्ठ में सुंदर चित्र बनाएं एवं उसमें रंग भरें।

कठिन शब्द को दो-दो बार उत्तर पुस्तिका में लिखें।

कठिन- शब्द

कोयल	संदेशा	डाल- डाल	प्यासी
मीठी	माँगती	भली	कहलाती
कूक – कूक	मेघों	सदा	धरती
मिसरी घोली	मिठास	बुलाती	चिड़ियों
बतलाओ	सिखलाई	इसलिए	डाली

शब्दार्थ लिखिए:- पेज नंबर- 89 से देखकर सुंदर अक्षरों में उत्तर पुस्तिका में लिखें।लिखित पेज नंबर- 89 से देखकर सुंदर अक्षरों में उत्तर पुस्तिका में लिखें।नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए:-

कोयल की बोली कैसे होती है ?

उत्तर -कोयल की बोली मीठी होती है।

कवयित्री कोयल से क्या सच बताने को कहती है ?

उत्तर- कवयित्री कोयल से यह सच बताने को कहती है कि किसका संदेशा लेकर आई है।

कोयल मेघों से क्या माँगती होगी ?

उत्तर - कोयल मेघों से वर्षा जल माँगती होगी।

कोयल को मीठी बोली किसने सिखाई होगी ?

उत्तर - कोयल को मीठी बोली उसकी माँ ने सिखाई होगी।

कोयल क्यों भली है ?

उत्तर - कोयल इसलिए भली है क्योंकि वह सदा से अपनी माँ की बातें मानती आई है।

कोयल को “चिड़ियों की रानी” क्यों कहते हैं ?

उत्तर- कोयल को चिड़ियों की रानी कहते हैं क्योंकि वह सदा अपनी माँ की बातें मानती है।

सही उत्तर पर ठीक का ( ) का चिह्न लगाइए :- Pg No- :- 89 { पुस्तक में करें }

कोयल का रंग कैसा होता है ?

काला      ख) हरा      ग) नीला      उत्तर – (क)

धरती कैसी है ?

सूखी      ख) प्यासी      ग) गिली      उत्तर – (ख)

कोयल को मीठा बोलने किसने सिखलाया होगा ?

माँ ने      ख) अन्य पक्षी ने      ग) स्वयं      उत्तर – (क)

कोयल की बोली में क्या है ?

मिठास      ख) चहचहाहट      ग) कड़वापन      उत्तर – (क)

कविता की पंक्तियां पूरी करो:-

Pg No- :- 90 { पुस्तक में करें }

पक्षियों के रंगों के नाम लिखो:-

Pg No- :- 90 { पुस्तक में करें }

पक्षी	रंग
कोयल	काला
मोर	नीला
तोता	हरा

नया शब्द बनाओ :-

Pg No- :- 90 { पुस्तक में करें }

मीठा	<u>मिठास</u>	<u>मिठाई</u>
नमक	<u>नमकीन</u>	<u>निमकी</u>
खट्टा	<u>खटास</u>	<u>खटाई</u>

लिंग बदलो :-

Pg No- :- 90 { पुस्तक में करें }

माँ	बाप	भाई	बहन
बेटा	बेटी	मुर्गा	मुर्गी
कुतिया	कुत्ता	चुहिया	चूहा

क्रियात्मक गतिविधि :- (Creative Activity )

Pg No- :- 91 { स्वयं से पुस्तक में करें }

कोयल पर तीन वाक्य लिखिए।  
कोयल का चित्र बनाकर रंग भरिए।

विषय – हिंदी भाषा

पाठ 11

क्रिया

1. क्रिया किसे कहते हैं ?

उत्तर – जिस शब्द से किसी काम के करने या होने का पता चले, उसे क्रिया कहते हैं।

2. नीचे लिखे वाक्यों में से क्रिया ढूंढकर लिखिए :- Pg No- :- 49 { उत्तर-पुस्तिका में करें }

वाक्य

क्रिया –शब्द

क) तोता हरी मिर्च खा रहा है।

खा रहा है।

ख) मीनू ने आइसक्रीम खाई।

खाई।

ग) मानस साइकिल चलाता है

चलाता है।

घ) रोहन का आज जन्मदिन है।

जन्मदिन है।

ड) बर्फ पड़ रही है।

पड़ रही है।

च) कौआ बहुत प्यासा था।

प्यासा था।

3. नीचे दी गई क्रियाओं की उचित रूप से वाक्य को पूरा कीजिए :-

Pg No- :- 49 { उत्तर-पुस्तिका में करें }

क) किसान अपनी फसल काट रहा है।

[ काट ]

ख) मूसलाधार वर्षा हो रही है।

[ हो ]

ग) आकाश में तारे चमक रहे हैं।

[ चमक ]

घ) मेरी गाड़ी चलते-चलते अचानक रुक गई।

[ रुक ]

ङ) नेताजी ने झंडा फहराया।

[ फहरा ]

च) शिवांगी गाना सुना रही है।

[ सुनाना ]

4. नीचे दिए चेहरों के हाव- भाव पहचानकर क्रियाएँ लिखिए :- Pg No- :- 49

{ पुस्तक में करें }



गुस्सा



हैरान



रोना



हँसना

5. i) नीचे दिए अनुच्छेद में प्रयुक्त क्रियाओं को रेखांकित कीजिए।

Pg No- :- 50 { पुस्तक में करें }

बापू बच्चों को बहुत प्यार करते थे। बहुत से बच्चे बापू को पत्र लिखते थे। उन्होंने सैकड़ों बच्चों का पत्र लिखे। वे उनके पत्रों का सैदव उत्तर देते थे। वे उन्हें लंबे पत्र नहीं लिख सकते थे। इस कारण कभी-कभी बच्चे उनसे नाराज हो जाते थे। बापू हर बच्चे का ध्यान रखते थे। वे अपने जेल के अनुभव भी उन्हें बताते थे।

ii) नीचे दिए चित्र में दी गई क्रियाएँ पहचान कर लिखिए :- Pg No- :- 50 { पुस्तक में करें }

<u>सोना</u>	<u>लड़ना</u>	<u>बजाना</u>	<u>दौड़ना</u>	<u>गाना</u>	<u>उड़ाना</u>
<u>देखना</u>	<u>डालना</u>	<u>लिखना</u>	<u>गिरना</u>	<u>तैरना</u>	

## ENGLISH

### Nirupam Uncle (Poem)

- Learn the poem 'Nirupam uncle'.
- Activity- In not more than 60 words, describe the most interesting person that you have met or read about.
- After memorizing write the poem in your note book.

#### **I - Word Bank**

- spectacles
- waistcoat
- robbers
- Lakshman
- worse
- goblins
- Kannapan
- Rakshasas
- courtyard
- shiniest

#### **II - Word meanings**

- spectacles-glasses
- band-a strip of metal placed around something
- waistcoat-a short sleeveless coat
- ring in (my) head-stay in memory for long
- twinkling-sparkling, especially with amusement

#### **III - Antonyms**

- |         |   |       |
|---------|---|-------|
| 1. tall | X | short |
| 2. thin | X | thick |

3. sweet	X	sour
4. starts	X	ends
5. better	X	worse
6. old	X	new/young
7. poor	X	rich
8. huge	X	tiny
9. tomorrow	X	today
10. joy	X	sorrow

#### IV - Questions /Answers

1. What makes Nirupam uncle so endearing?

Ans- The most endearing thing about Nirupam uncle is that he always brings a sweet for the narrator and tells him interesting stories every day.

2. What does Nirupam uncle do for the little boy?

Ans- Nirupam uncle brings a sweet for the little boy and tells him stories.

3. *He comes to our house when he's had his lunch  
And usually brings me a sweet to munch.  
He sits himself down in the shade of a tree  
And always leaves a space for me.*

a. Who is 'he' in the above line?

Ans- 'He' is Nirupam uncle.

b. Why does he come to the poet's house?

Ans- He comes to the poet's house to tell him stories.

c. Why does he leave a space for the poet?

Ans- He leaves a space for the poet so that he can sit down next to him and listen to his stories.

4. The little boy enjoys the stories of Nirupam uncle. How do you know this?

Ans- The little boy enjoys the stories because he says that the stories Nirupam uncle tells are better than music or drums or bells. He says that the stories ring in his head the whole night long and that the stories are like a song.



5. Who is the poet of this poem?

Ans- The poet of this poem is David Horsburgh.

**V. Write rhyming words for the words given below.**

1. goes- nose, rose
2. band- sand, hand
3. thin- win, pin
4. brown- town, down
5. lunch- crunch, munch
6. long- song, gong
7. old- gold, sold
8. tall- fall, all
9. done- sun, fun
10. boy- joy, toy

**VI – Jumble Words.**

- a. psectacels- spectacles
- b. awistoact- waistcoat
- c. tsories- stories
- d. ourctayrd- courtyard
- e. tsick- stick

**SOCIAL STUDIES**

**CHAPTER- 17 THE STORY OF MAN'S PROGRESS**

**Click the link below to learn about The story of man's progress**

<https://youtu.be/1S9XZGlupvw>

1. Read the chapter and underline the difficult words & write their meanings in the note- book.
2. Write the key words along with their meanings in the s.st. note-book.
3. Do the exercise:     A. Tick the correct answer.  
                              B. Fill in the blanks.  
                              C. Write True or False.

**D. Answer the following questions:**

1. Why did early man start settling down near rivers?

Ans: Early man started settling down near rivers because he needed fertile land and water to grow more plants. Such places were mostly found near rivers.

2. What did early man use to dig the ground to sow seeds?

Ans: Early man used stones and bones to dig the ground to sow seeds.

3. Why did early man tame horses and donkeys?

Ans: Early man tamed horses and donkeys to carry heavy objects. Horses were also used

for riding.

4. How did the invention of wheel help early man?  
 Ans: The invention of wheel helped early man as:  
 (i) It made travelling on land easier and faster.  
 (ii) Man used the wheel for pottery of clay etc.

**E. Extra questions and answers:**

1. How did the discovery of fire helped the early man?  
 Ans: The discovery of fire brought a great change in early man's life. He began to cook food, light his caves and scare away animals.

2. How did the early man get an idea of farming?  
 Ans: The early man used to throw the seeds on the ground after eating fruits. He noticed that the seeds which he threw away on the ground had grown into small plants. This gave him the idea of farming.

3. What was the first animal to be tamed by the early man? How did it help him?  
 Ans: The dog was the first animal to be tamed by the early man.  
 It helped him to hunt other animals and guarded him from wild animals.

4. How did the early man make the wheels?  
 Ans: The early man made the wheels by cutting small round pieces from tree trunks.

**GK**





STD 3  
**SUBJECT – G.K**  
**TOPIC** – QUIZ MANIA 3 (Pg no. 51), CHILD CELEBRITIES (Pg no. 12), DANCING BEATS (Pg no. 21), THE GAMING ERENA (Pg no. 28)


I. **QUIZ MANIA 3** (Pg no. 51)

**A. Write True or False:-**

1. Giraffes have more bones in their necks than humans. **False**
2. Elephants can't jump. **True**
3. Gold fish has a poor memory. **True**
4. Japan is known as the 'Land of the rising Sun'. **True**
5. Bahadur Shah Zafar was the last mughal emperor of India. **True**

**B. Identify and complete the names by filling the missing letters.**



HAWAMAHAL    AKSHARDHAM    JAMAMASJID    LOTUSTEMPLE  
CHARMINAR

**C. Fill in the blanks.**

1. The full form of 'CID' is **Crime Investigation Department** .
2. World Environment Day is celebrated on **5<sup>th</sup> June** .
3. The oldest steel company in our country is **Tata Iron and Steel Company** .
4. The minimum age for competing in the Olympic games is **13** .
5. The acronym VAT stands for **Vaue Added Tax** .
6. The first batsman in the world to score fifty centuries in Test cricket is **Sachin Ramesh Tendulkar** .

**D. Identify and name them.**



**JUDO AND KARATE**



**ZORBING**



**PARAGLIDING**



**FENCING**

**II. CHILD CELEBRITIES** (Pg no. 12)

1. Made his debut as cute silent sikh-kid in Kuch Kuch Hota Hai. **Parzan Dastur**
2. Starred in all Harry Potter Series. **Daniel Radcliffe**
3. Acted as Harry's best friend in the series. **Emma Watson**
4. Made his debut in Stanley Ka Dabba as Stanley. **Partho Gupte**
5. Well-known for his blockbuster Christmas film Home Alone. **Macaulay Culkin**
6. Played as Ishaan Awasthi in Taare Zameen Par. **Darsheel Safary**
7. Munni with Salman Khan in Bajrangi Bhaijaan. **Harshaali Malhotra**

**III. DANCING BEATS** (Pg no. 21)

1. **(a)** This odissi dance form is known for its style and the independent movement of head.
2. **(f)** Dance theme is based on the Raslila act of Radha and Krishna.
3. **(d)** Dancers of this dance form, from Tamil Nadu wear silk sarees made of Kanchipuram silk.
4. **(e)** This is more like a dance drama, it is based on Carnatic music.
5. **(c)** This dance form is more religious, narrates the stories of Radha and Krishna.
6. **(b)** The mohiniyattam is a popular dance form with drama in dance, performed with subtle gestures and footwork.

**IV. THE GAMING ERENA** (Pg no. 28)

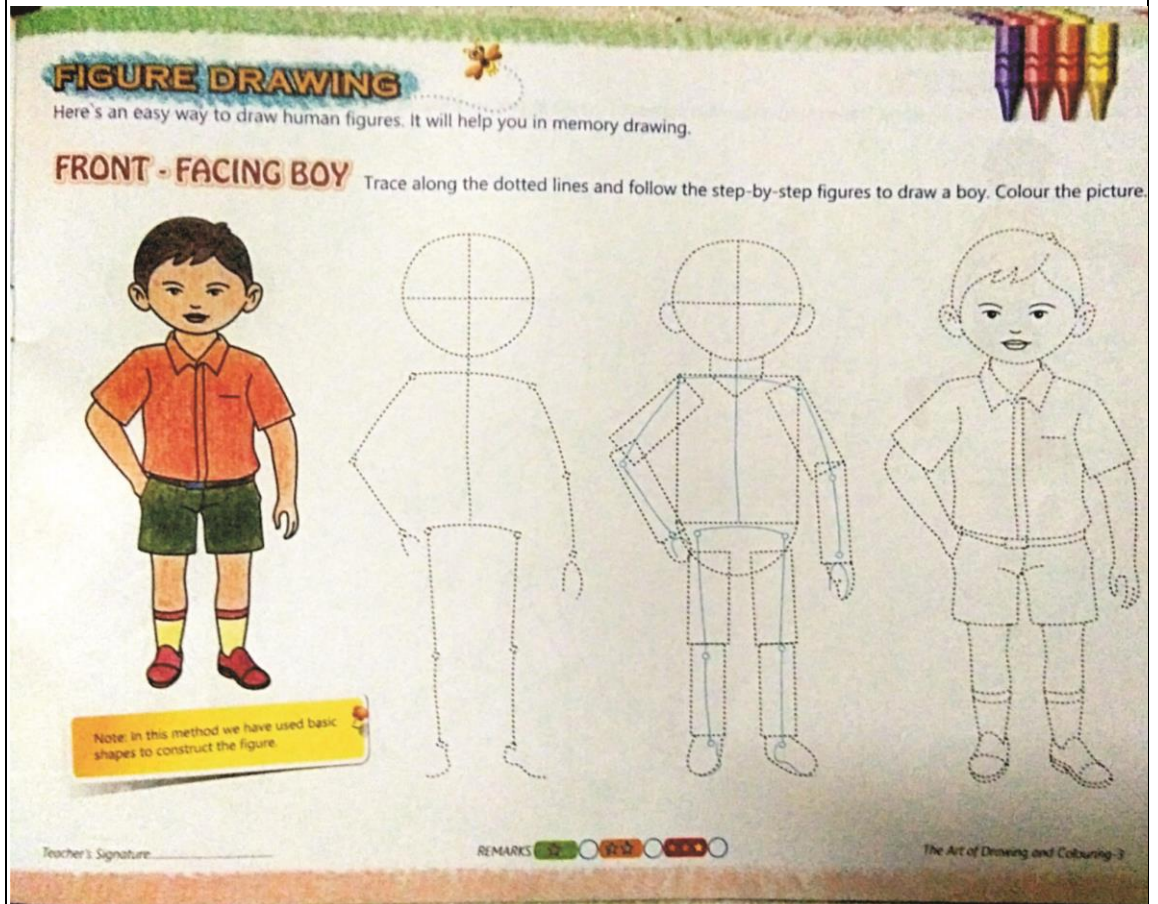
1. **Angry Birds**
2. **Candy Crush**
3. **Temple Run**
4. **Fruit Ninja**
5. **Happy glass**
6. **Subway Surfers**

**Current Affairs**

1. Recently MISSION SHAKTI was launched by which of the following states?  
Ans. Uttar Pradesh
2. International Day of eradication of Poverty 2020 is observed annually on which day?  
Ans. 17<sup>th</sup> October
3. Shobha Naidu, who has passed away recently was a renowned exponent of which classical dance?  
Ans. Kuchipudi Dance
4. What is the theme of the International Day of Peace 2020?  
Ans. Shaping Peace Together
5. Which state in India is the first to launch policies on Artificial Intelligence, Blockchain and Cybersecurity policies?  
Ans. Tamil Nadu

**DRAWING**

Topic - FIGURE DRAWING  
 Work to be done : **Complete page 29**  
 as per instruction given in your drawing book.



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**Dr.Rachana Nair**  
**Director Academics**